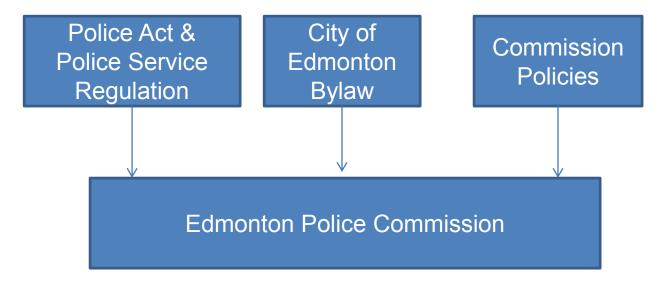
Presentation to City Council

December 8, 2021





AUTHORITY & ACCOUNTABILITY





POLICE ACT

Commission

- Allocates council funds
- Ensures sufficient staffing levels
- In consultation with the Chief, prepares the proposed budget
- Submits a yearly plan specifying the level of police service and programs to council

Council

- Gathers information to assess efficiency and financing requirements of the police
- Policing must be provided at a level that is adequate and effective



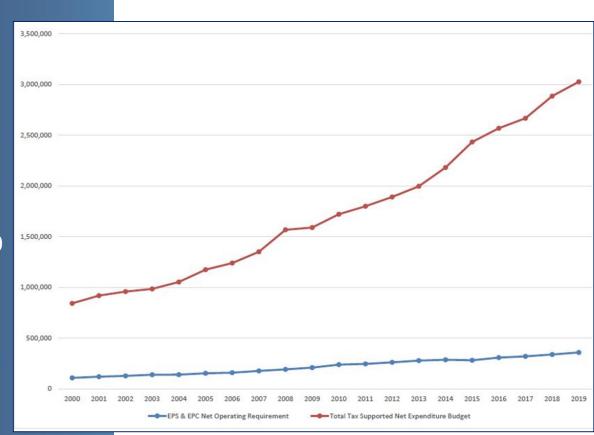
Commission's Vision

Policing is changing and being successful in:

- Working smarter,
- Partnering with the community, and
- Decreasing calls for service by diverting people from the arrest/ remand/ release cycle.

City vs EPS Growth

- EPS has grown at a rate that represents <u>25% less than</u> the City's growth rate.
- EPS also represents a lower impact on every tax dollar.
- 12.7% of every tax dollar in 2000 went to police.
- In 2019, 11.8% went to police.



Calls for Service (CFS)

Overall volume of CFS city wide decreased -7% in the last 12 months (from 188,109 to 174,920).

However, this still equates to:

- 479 calls per day.
- 20 calls per hour.
- One call every three minutes.

Violent Crime Rate and Crime on Edmonton Transit



Downtown Edmonton experienced a 16% increase in average crime severity over the last four years while the rest of the city experienced only a 2% increase.

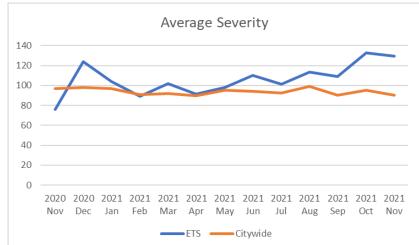


The volume of assaults within Downtown Division increased by 14% over the last year and by 11% pre-pandemic.



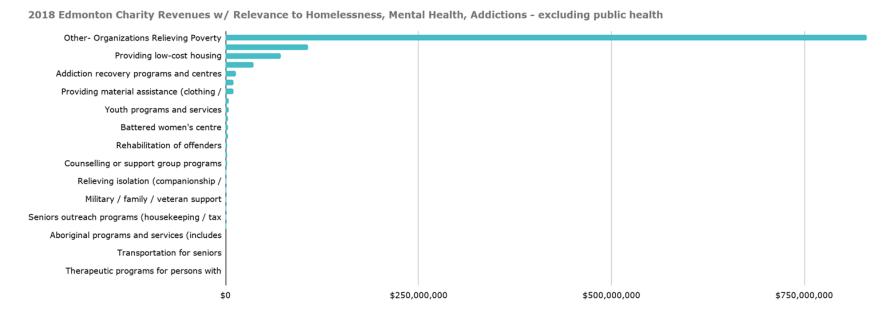
50% of the top 10 occurrence types involving EPS that occurred at LRT/transit centres over the last year were violent.

Citywide		ETS	
Occurrence Type	Total	Occurrence Type	Total
Family Disputes	10394	Trouble With Person	155
Trouble With Person	9594	Assault	110
Shoplifting \$5,000 or under	8469	Assault - Bh/Weapon	95
Theft from Automobile Under	5965	Possession Of Weapons	63
Mischief	5808	Intoxications	62
Check On Welfare	5249	Mischief	54
Mental Health Act	4562	Mental Health Act	31
Remain At Scene - Hit & Run	4247	Theft Under	30
General Complaints	3519	Robbery - Personal	25
Assault	3160	Assault - Other Officer	23



What are we funding?

In 2018, \$1.1B went to charities that support work to intervene/ prevent social issues related to homelessness, poverty, addiction, mental health excluding public institutions responsible for health (hospitals).



HELP's Impact



Event types with the largest decreases:

- Trouble w/Person -12% (-1882)
- Trouble w/Intoxicated Person -20% (-1461)
- Theft under \$5000 -17% (-905)
- Suspicious Persons -24% (-851)
- Trouble Not Known -9% (-603)



As of June 30, 2021, HELP documented **572 requests**.



82% of referrals originated from an EPS **patrol division**; 30% were from Downtown Division alone.



Persons referred to HELP generated 3294 police-reported occurrences and 1533 disorder indicator violations during the 9 months prior to referral.

Financial Impacts

Not only have we had an \$11 million reduction, we've had to afford:



Transforming data for best use through a Records management system modernization

= \$700,000



Enterprise Commons capital project is the best use of technology, but at an unexpected cost

= \$2.2 million



In-car video, promised as a result of the Task Force **= \$1.5 million**



Lost 100,000+ operational hours due to COVID-19 = \$7.5 million

Annual Costs



Impacts from provincial government changes (Traffic Safety Act revenue and biological testing)

= ~\$5 million



Truth and Reconciliation Day STAT time. It's the right thing to do, but comes at a cost

= \$1 million



Decision by EPSB to terminate SROs in Public Schools = \$1.3 million